

DF9CY 7 Element Antenna for 50 MHz (Version 2)



DF9CY
DECCA

7 Element Antenna For 50 MHz (Version2)

A rework of the 2012 design published on www.df9cy.de

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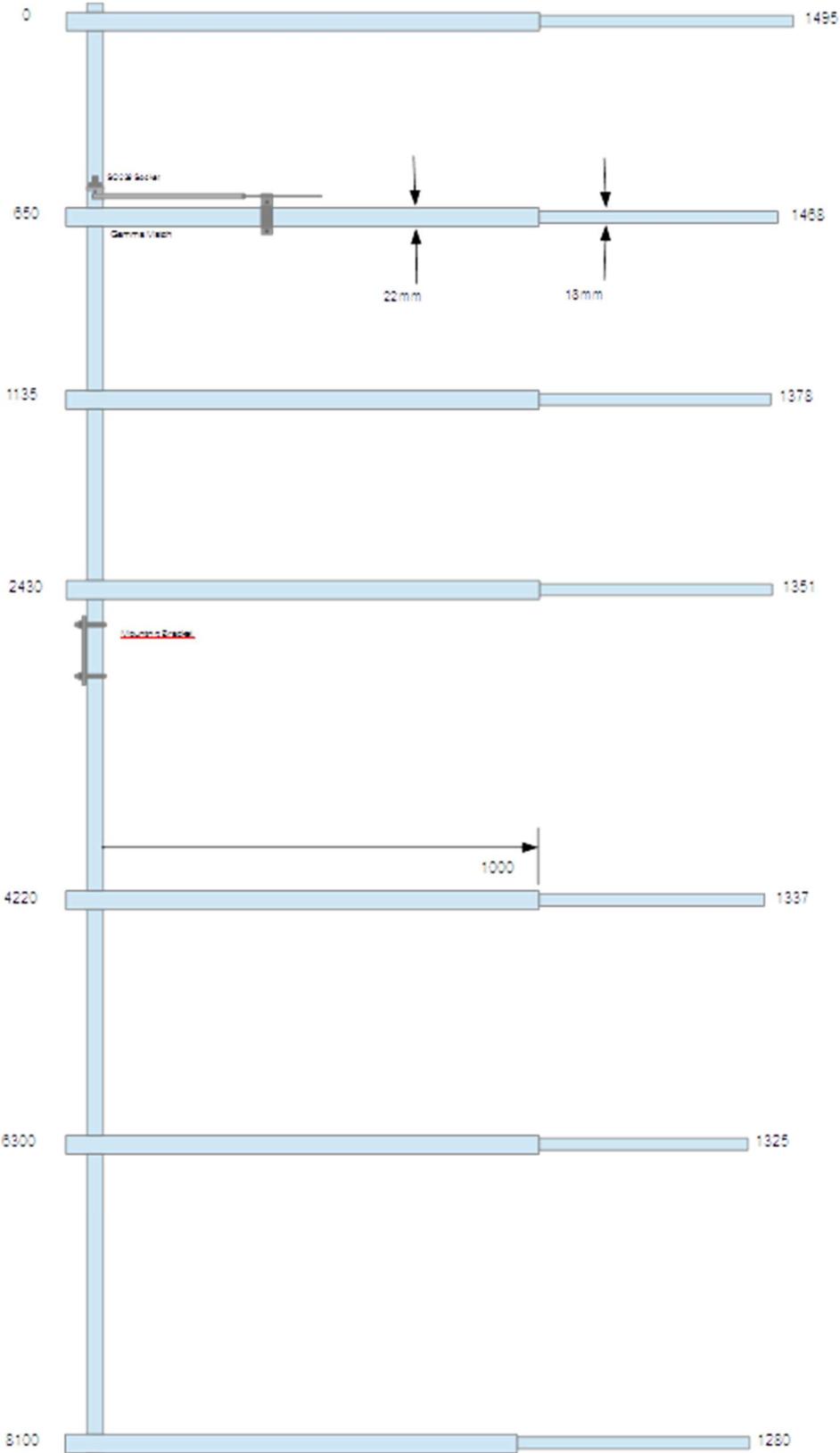
Design Target

This antenna has performed extremely well as Version 1 at the location of DL3LE, where there are working a stack of two antennas.

The antenna has some slight changes in elements lengths and positions resulting in a little higher gain and a better useful bandwidth. Backlobes and sidelobes are almost unchanged and still very good.

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The Design



All dimensions are in Millimeters. Drawing not to scale. Only half of the antenna is shown.

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The antenna is based on a (still) commercially available 50 MHz antenna of six elements. It is available from ZX-Antennas. The simulation started from an existing design of Martin Steyer DK7ZB. I had to modify several parameter until the target had been reached.

Modifying the Antenna

Modification is easy. Put all components together as it is described in the manual which is delivered with this antenna. Do not fix the outer tip of each element. Move the outer tip inside until each section is as *exactly* long as the values given in the drawing here. Now put a marking through the 3mm hole. Drill a 3mm hole at the marking and fix the element using the self-cutting screw. That is it.

Tuning the antenna

A good idea is to mount the antenna clear from any metal surrounding pointing straight into the sky with the reflector (the longest element / its back) about 2m above the ground.

The antenna has to be tuned on the Gamma-Match using the position of the clamp to the element and with the length of the small inner tube which forms a capacitor with the larger outer tube. With a VSWR meter attached you should move the inner tube and the clamp until you get a very good matching on 50.150 MHz. This procedure usually does take only a few minutes. Fix everything and you are done.

Finishing the antenna

You may put some seal on the SO239 socket to prevent water going into your antenna cable.

Noise down

Another very good idea is to form a choke of 4 turns of coaxial cable with a diameter of about 12cm close to the antenna socket. This helps keeping RF away from the outer skirt of the cable getting into your shack and other way round prevents noise from the house getting into the antenna.

Additions

You may put a low-noise preamplifier close to the antenna. I have very good experience with doing so.

Stacking

You may stack a set of two antennas. The experience of DL3LE with Version 1 antennas is excellent.

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About the performance of the antenna

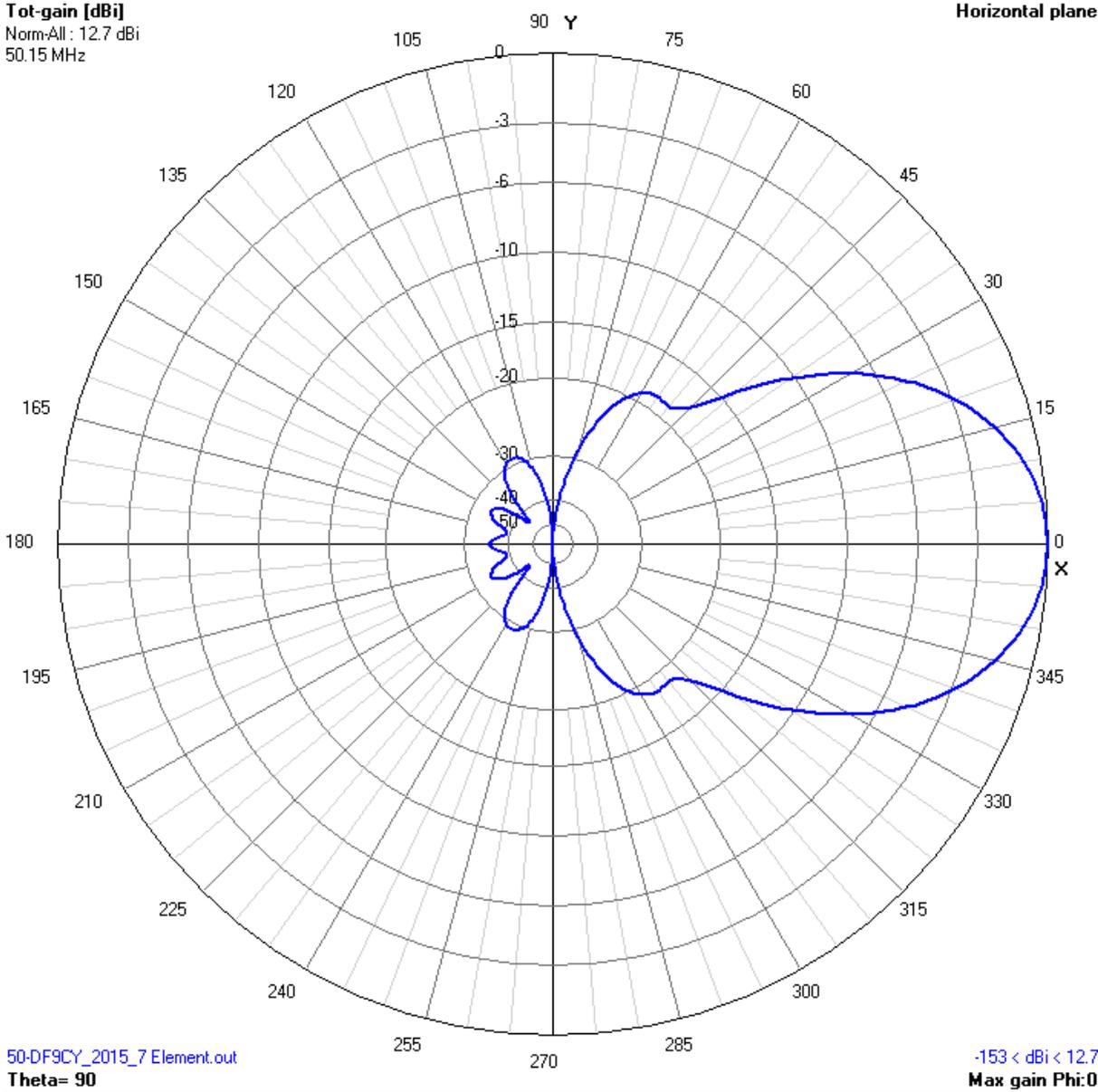


Abbildung 1: Horizontal antenna diagram

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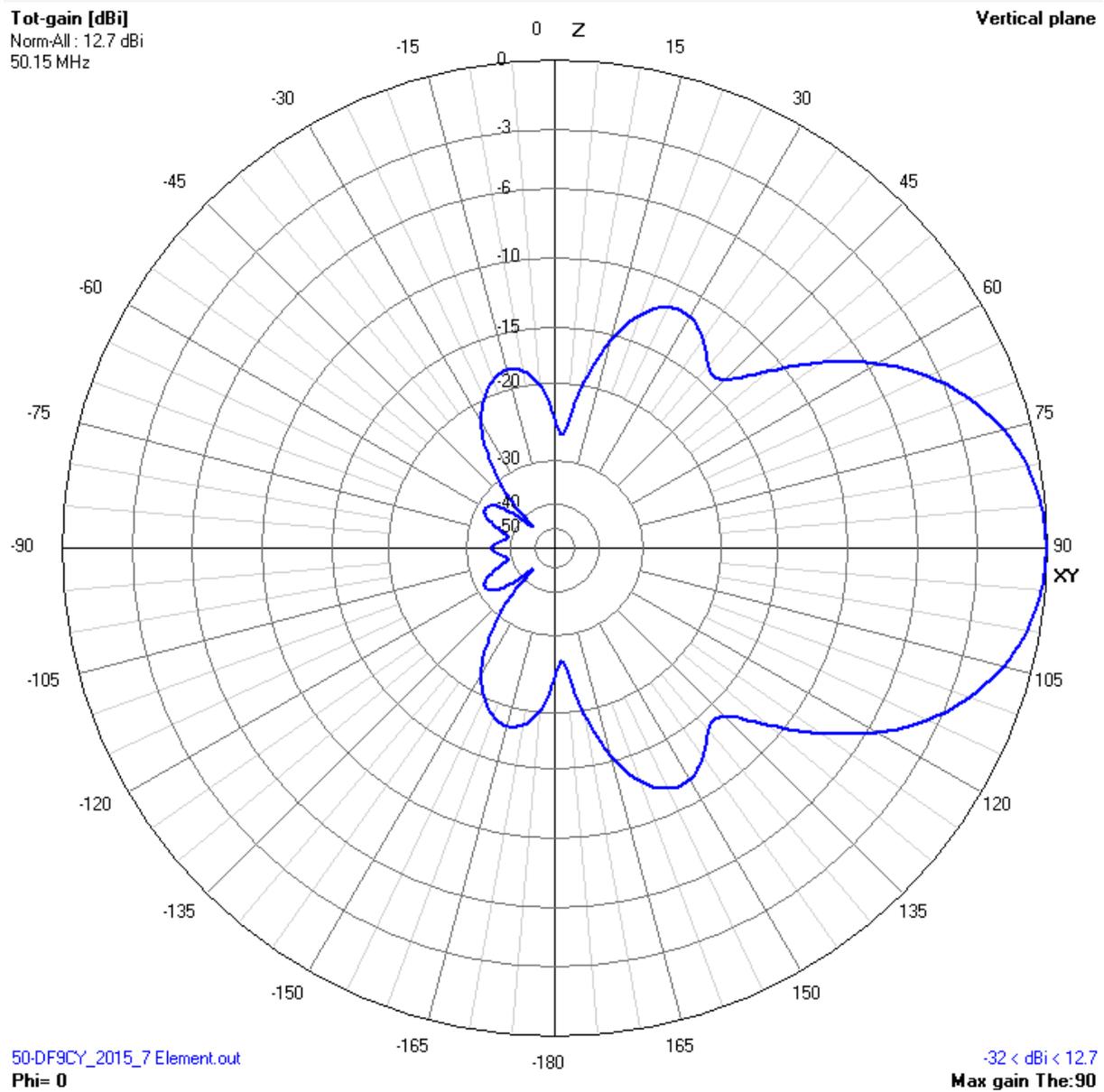


Abbildung 2 : Vertical antenna diagram

These antenna diagrams show an overall very good performance with a good gain and a very good Front-to-Back ratio.

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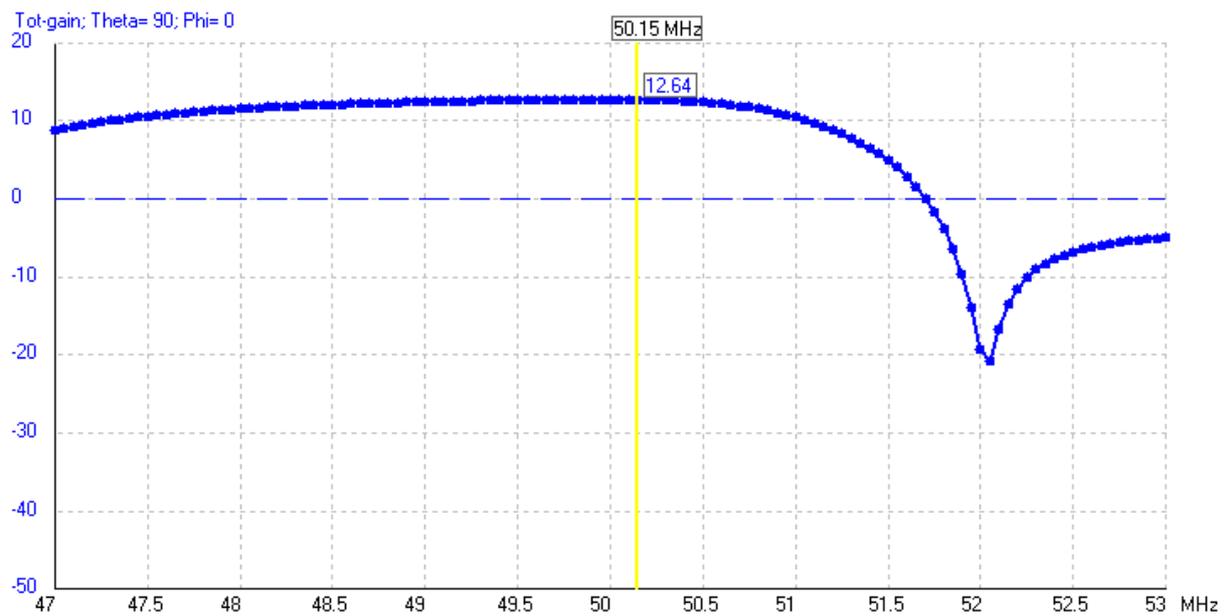


Abbildung 3 : Gain of the antenna

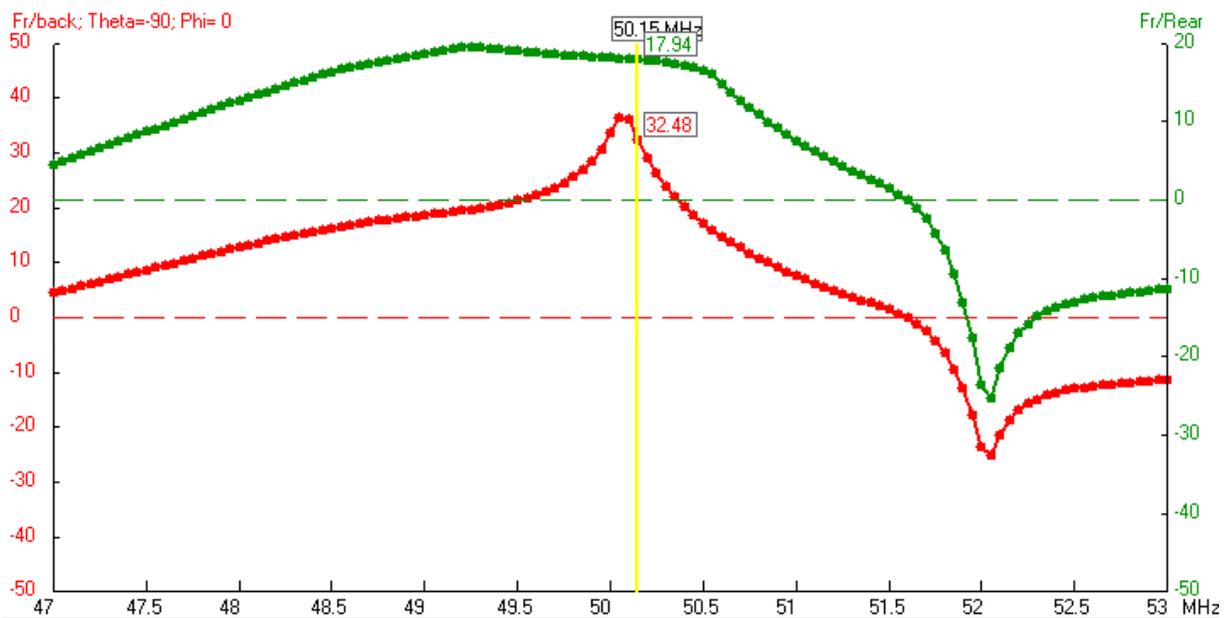


Abbildung 4 : Front-to-Back ratio of the antenna

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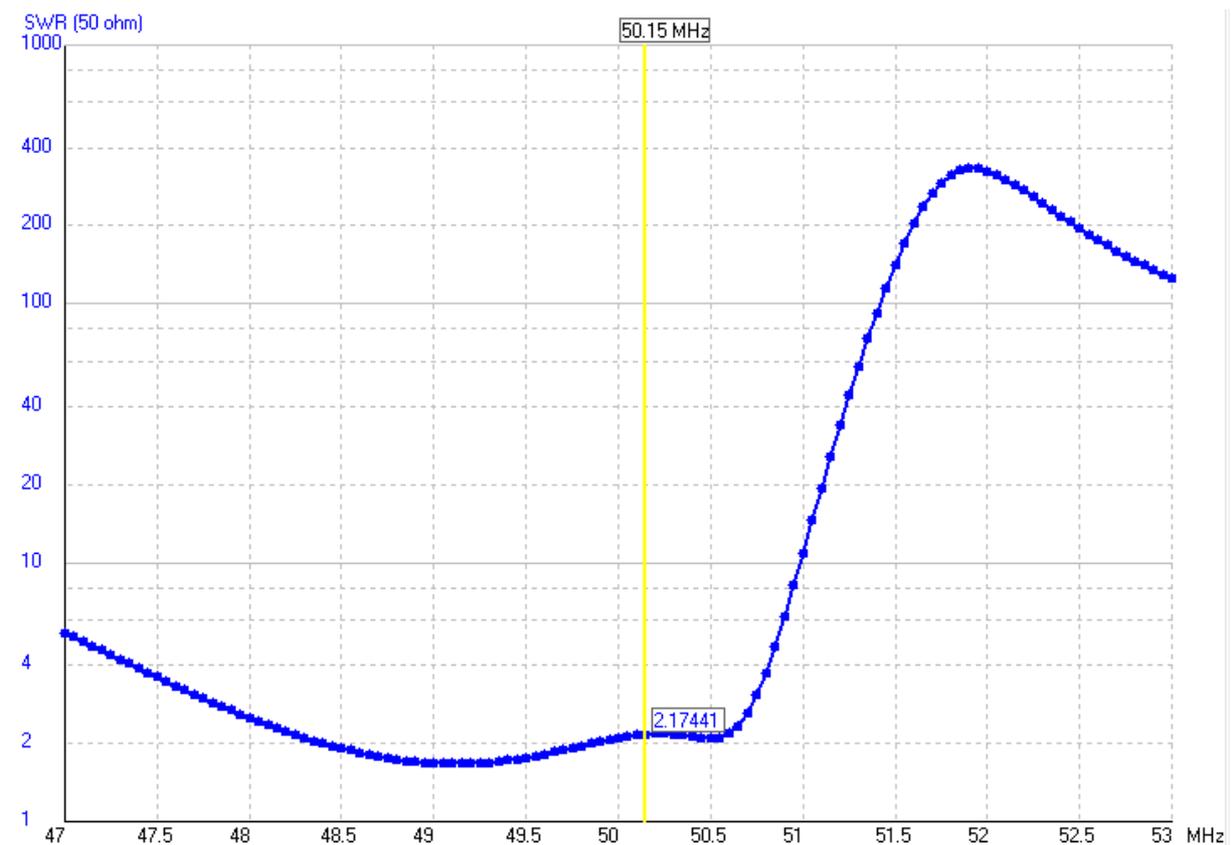


Abbildung 5 : VSWR based on 16 Ohm

The 16 Ohm impedance shown here can easily be matched to 50 Ohm with the Gamma-match. You can even put the resonance higher or lower. It will be quite broad banded.

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Real Performance

Free space diagrams are interesting, but how does it perform over real ground? This can be simulated as well. You will have about 6 dB added to the gain of the free-space calculation.

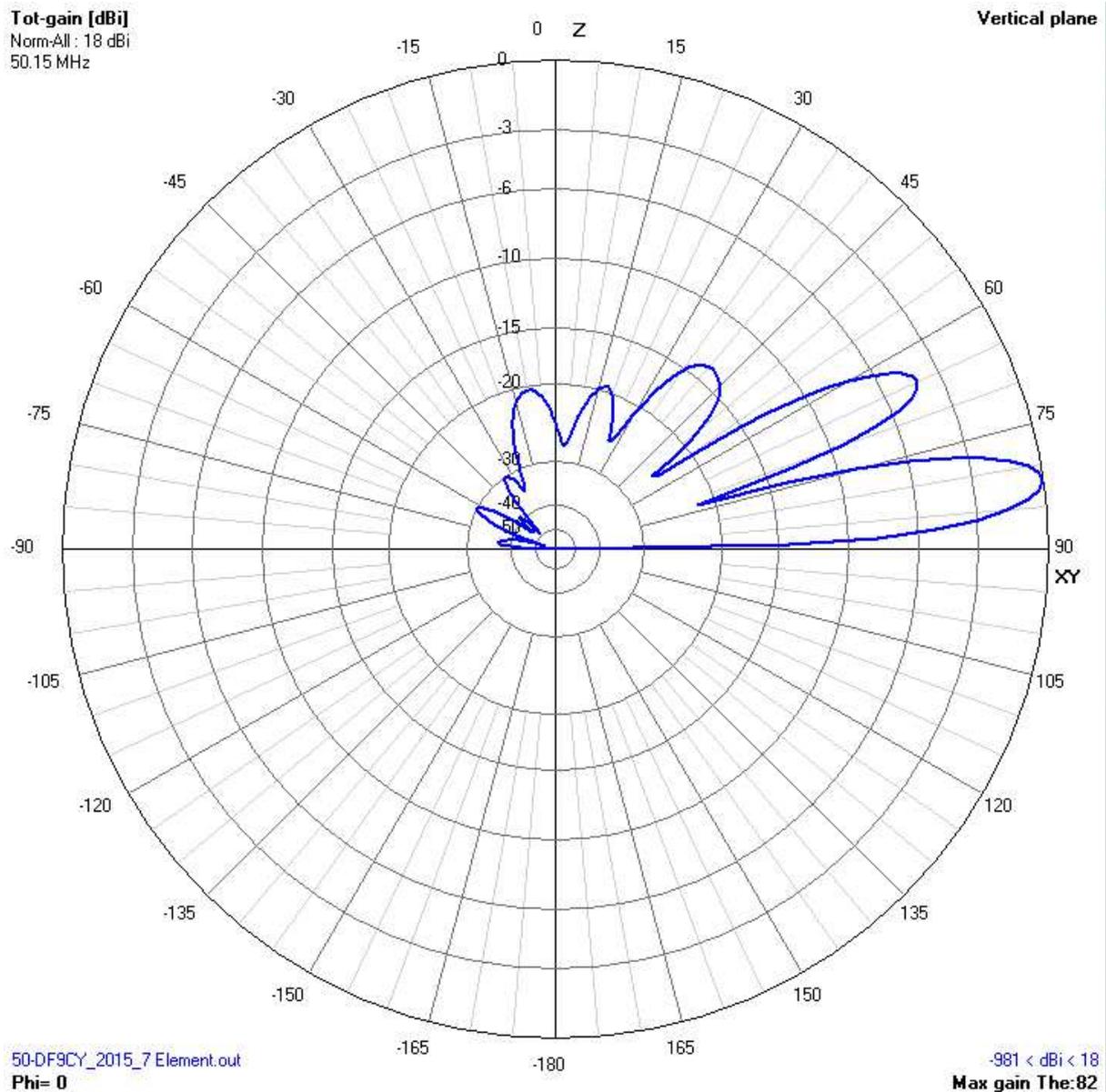


Abbildung 6 : Real Ground (Rich Agric) Simulation

The antenna in this simulation is mounted 14m above ground. It will be a good DX performer and produce strong signals in Sporadic-E opening as well.

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A 3-D View

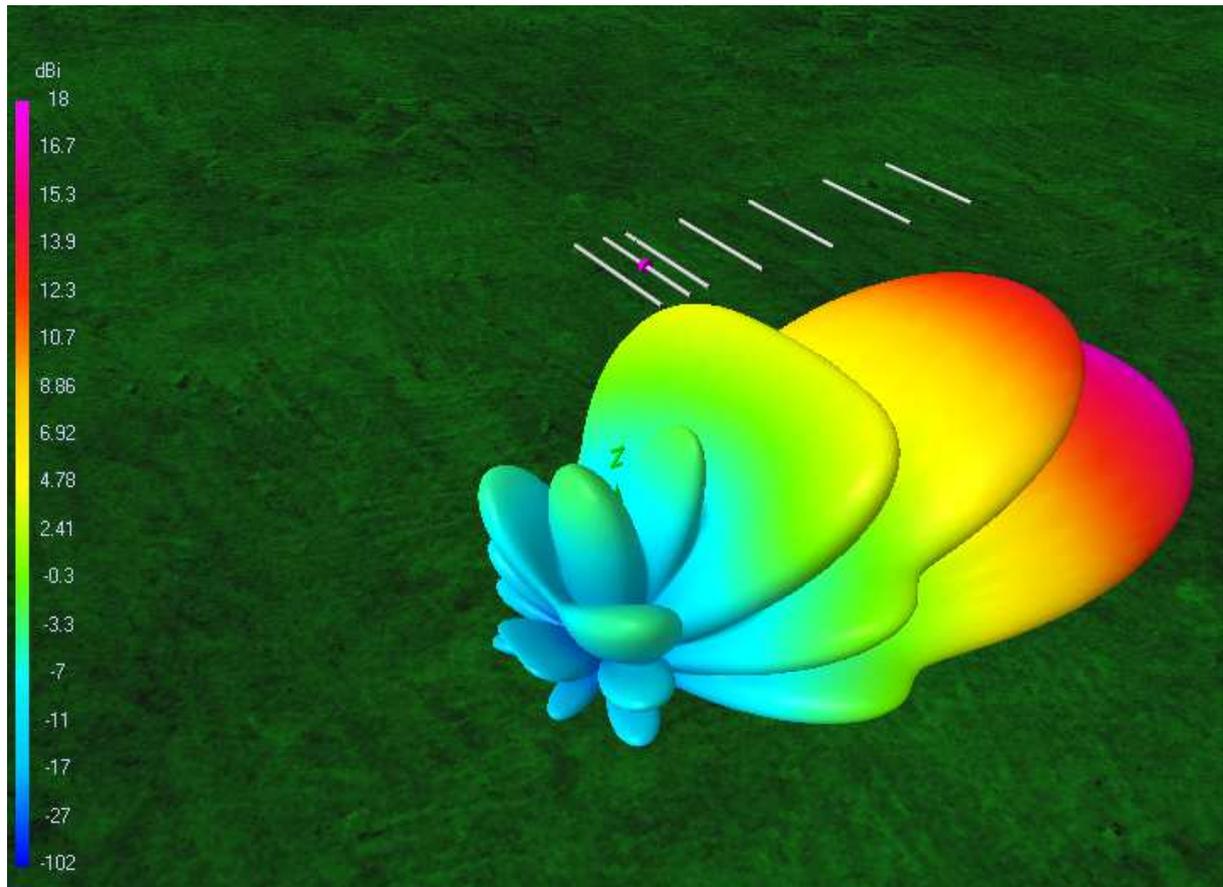


Abbildung 7 : 3-D Diagram

Here is a 3-D view of the antenna. It has a very good pattern and a good F/B ratio.

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Stacking the antenna

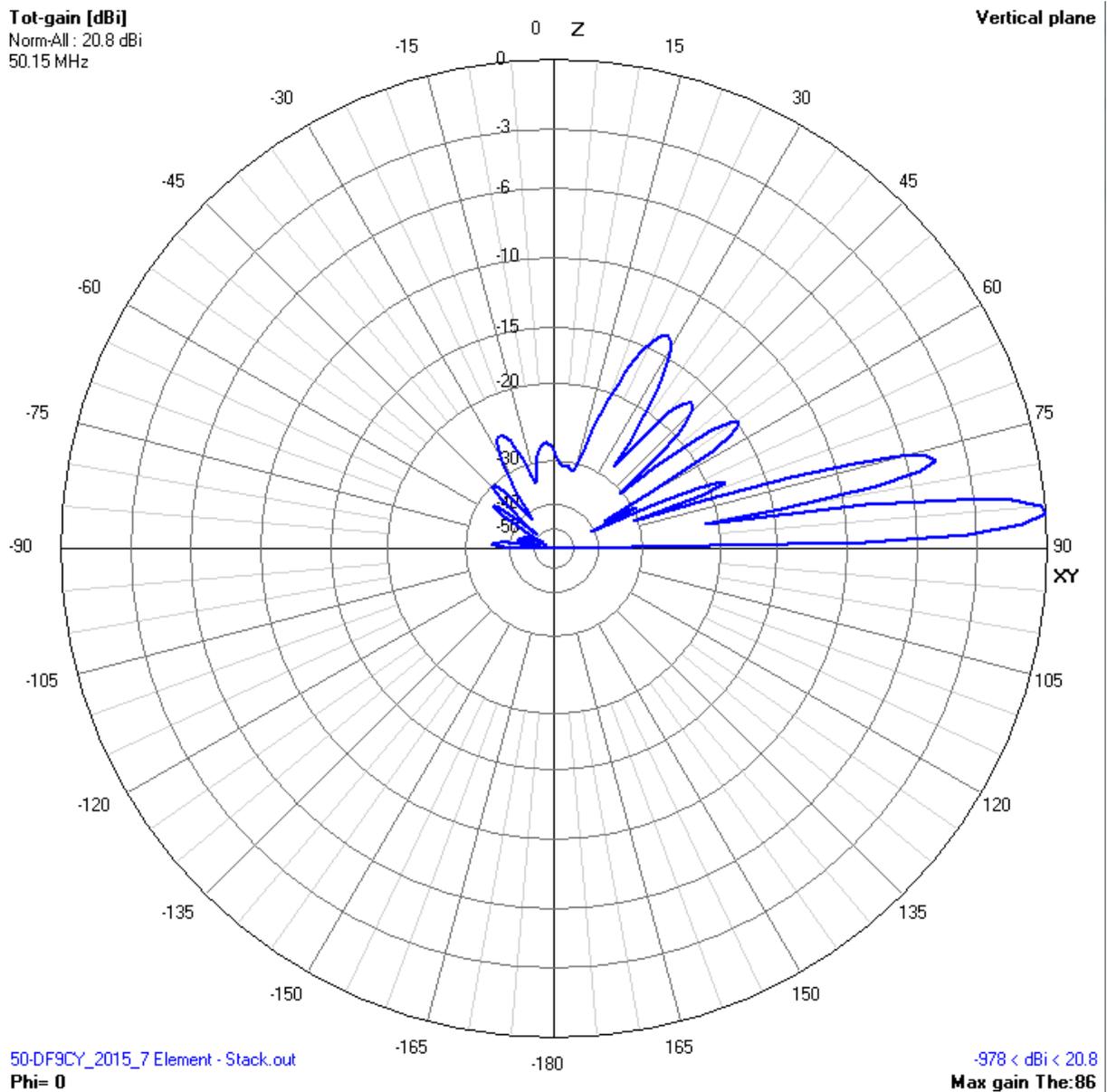


Abbildung 8 : Antenna stack in 15m and 22m above ground

Stacking this antenna in 15m and 22m above ground results in an amazing high gain of almost 21 dB. Of course this includes about 6 dB of ground gain. You should be able to make even contacts over the moon as reflector with quite low power.

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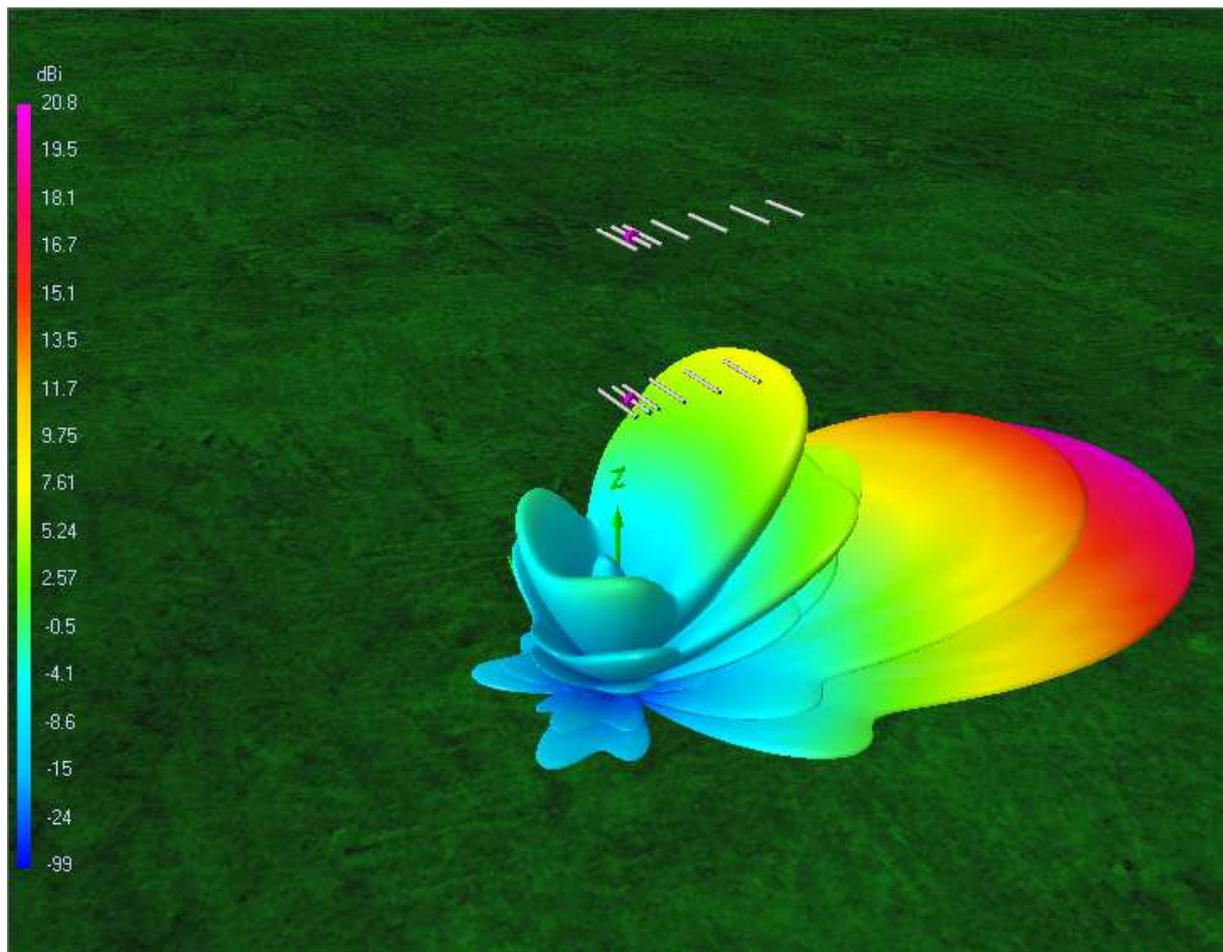


Abbildung 9 : 3D - View of the antenna pattern of this stacked antenna

Have fun with this antenna !

73 de Christoph DF9CY

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Simulation file

Here is the 4NEC2 simulation file of the 7 Element antenna:

```
CM ZX6-7 ZX DF9CY new Design (derived DK7ZB) at 10m incl boom
CE
SY RAD=0.011
SY RAD1=0.009
SY RADB=0.025
SY ZA=10
SY OFFS=0.00      'Offset Z of Driven Element
SY CEL=1.000      'Central Element section
SY E1L=1.495      'Half Element Length
SY E2L=1.468
SY E3L=1.378
SY E4L=1.351
SY E5L=1.337
SY E6L=1.325
SY E7L=1.280
SY E1P=0.0        'Element Position
SY E2P=0.65
SY E3P=1.135
SY E4P=2.430
SY E5P=4.220
SY E6P=6.300
SY E7P=8.100
GW 1 7 E1P -CEL ZA E1P 0 ZA RAD 'Element Centre left
GW 2 7 E2P -CEL ZA+OFFS E2P CEL ZA+OFFS RAD
GW 3 7 E3P -CEL ZA E3P 0 ZA RAD
GW 4 7 E4P -CEL ZA E4P 0 ZA RAD
GW 5 7 E5P -CEL ZA E5P 0 ZA RAD
GW 6 7 E6P -CEL ZA E6P 0 ZA RAD
GW 7 7 E7P -CEL ZA E7P 0 ZA RAD
GW 8 7 E1P 0 ZA E1P CEL ZA RAD 'Element Centre right
GW 9 7 E3P 0 ZA E3P CEL ZA RAD
GW 10 7 E4P 0 ZA E4P CEL ZA RAD
GW 11 7 E5P 0 ZA E5P CEL ZA RAD
GW 12 7 E6P 0 ZA E6P CEL ZA RAD
GW 13 7 E7P 0 ZA E7P CEL ZA RAD
GW 14 7 E1P E1L ZA E1P CEL ZA RAD1 'Left Taper
GW 15 7 E2P E2L ZA+OFFS E2P CEL ZA+OFFS RAD1
GW 16 7 E3P E3L ZA E3P CEL ZA RAD1
GW 17 7 E4P E4L ZA E4P CEL ZA RAD1
GW 18 7 E5P E5L ZA E5P CEL ZA RAD1
GW 19 7 E6P E6L ZA E6P CEL ZA RAD1
GW 20 7 E7P E7L ZA E7P CEL ZA RAD1
GW 21 7 E1P -CEL ZA E1P -E1L ZA RAD1 'Right Taper
GW 22 7 E2P -CEL ZA+OFFS E2P -E2L ZA+OFFS RAD1
GW 23 7 E3P -CEL ZA E3P -E3L ZA RAD1
GW 24 7 E4P -CEL ZA E4P -E4L ZA RAD1
GW 25 7 E5P -CEL ZA E5P -E5L ZA RAD1
GW 26 7 E6P -CEL ZA E6P -E6L ZA RAD1
GW 27 7 E7P -CEL ZA E7P -E7L ZA RAD1
GE 1
LD 5 1 0 0 24900000
LD 5 2 0 0 24900000
LD 5 3 0 0 24900000
LD 5 4 0 0 24900000
LD 5 5 0 0 24900000
LD 5 6 0 0 24900000
LD 5 7 0 0 24900000
LD 5 8 0 0 24900000
LD 5 9 0 0 24900000
LD 5 10 0 0 24900000
LD 5 11 0 0 24900000
LD 5 12 0 0 24900000
LD 5 13 0 0 24900000
LD 5 14 0 0 24900000
LD 5 15 0 0 24900000
LD 5 16 0 0 24900000
LD 5 17 0 0 24900000
LD 5 18 0 0 24900000
GN 2 0 0 0 15 0.01
EK
EX 6 2 4 0 1 0 0
FR 0 0 0 0 50.15 0
EN
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